and development of Homoeopathy in the country:—

1. Constitution of a Central Council of Homoeopathy under the Homoeopathy Central Council Act, 1973 to regulate homoeopathic education and practice in the country.

2. Establishment of a Central Council for Research in Homoeopathy to initiate, aid, develop and coordinate scientific research in different aspects of Homoeopathic system of medicine.

3. Establishment of a National Institute of Homoeopathy at Calcutta as a premier institution in the field of Homoeopathy to provide for under-graduate and post-graduate study in Homoeopathy, research and medical services/care etc. keeping in view the long-term goal of meeting the requirements of homoeopathic trained medical personnel in the country to take charge of health care delivery, research and teaching at the highest standard.

4. Establishment of a Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia Laboratory at Ghaziabad to function as a standard-setting-cum-drug testing laboratory at national level and for evolving standards for inclusion in the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of India and Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeial Codex, drug testing for the purposes of Drugs and Cosmetics Act in relation to Homoeopathy.

5. Establishment of a Homoeopathic Wing in the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare to monitor implementation of the Schemes in Homoeopathy.

6. Constitution of a Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia Committee to lay down principles and standards for preparation of homoeopathic drugs and test of identity, quality and purity of homoeopathic drugs.

7. Constitution of an Advisory Committee on Homoeopathy to advise the Ministry on various matters on policy in the field of Homoeopathy.

8. Grant of financial assistances to the tune of Rs. 1.60 lakhs to Homoeopathic Colleges run by voluntary agencies and others for purchase of specified laboratory equipments and for setting up of book banks.

Disapproval for inclusion of Bodo words in multilingual Bodo dictionary

1842. DR. NAGEN SAIKIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have disapproved the proposal for inclusion of the Assamese meanings of the Bodo words in the multilingual Bodo dictionary; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI L. P. SHAHI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) The question does not arise.

Computerised data of National Highway

1843. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of SURFACE TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that data on road conditions of entire National Highways has now been made available on computer; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SURFACE TRANSPORT (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) Against the total length of 32,138 km of National Highways, data has been computerised for a length of 31,700 km.